

Neutron diffraction study of CeRh₂Si₂ under pulsed magnetic field

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We present a single crystal neutron diffraction study of the heavy–fermion antiferromagnet CeRh₂Si₂ performed in high fields of up to 30 T. This system is antiferromagnetic below $T_N = 36$ K, with a change of magnetic state below $T_{1,2} = 26$ K [1]. Under a magnetic field a third antiferromagnetic phase, AF3 is stabilized between $\mu_0 H_{2,3} \approx 25.5$ T and $\mu_0 H_c \approx 26$ T, above which the system is polarized paramagnetically [2]. A new long–duration (>100 ms) and high duty cycle, 40–T conical pulsed magnet developed by the LNCMI–Toulouse, the CEA Grenoble and the ILL Grenoble, has been used on the triple–axis spectrometer IN22 (CRG–CEA at the ILL). The magnetic structure in AF3 phase has been determined here. In the discussion we will compare the effects of pressure and magnetic field on CeRh₂Si₂.

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- [2] W. Knafo, D. Aoki, D. Vignolles, B. Vignolle, Y. Klein, C. Jaudet, A. Vil-laume, C. Proust, and J. Flouquet, *Phys. Rev. B* **81** 094403 (2010).